

如何开启DUMP崩溃文件抓取。？

## 第一步

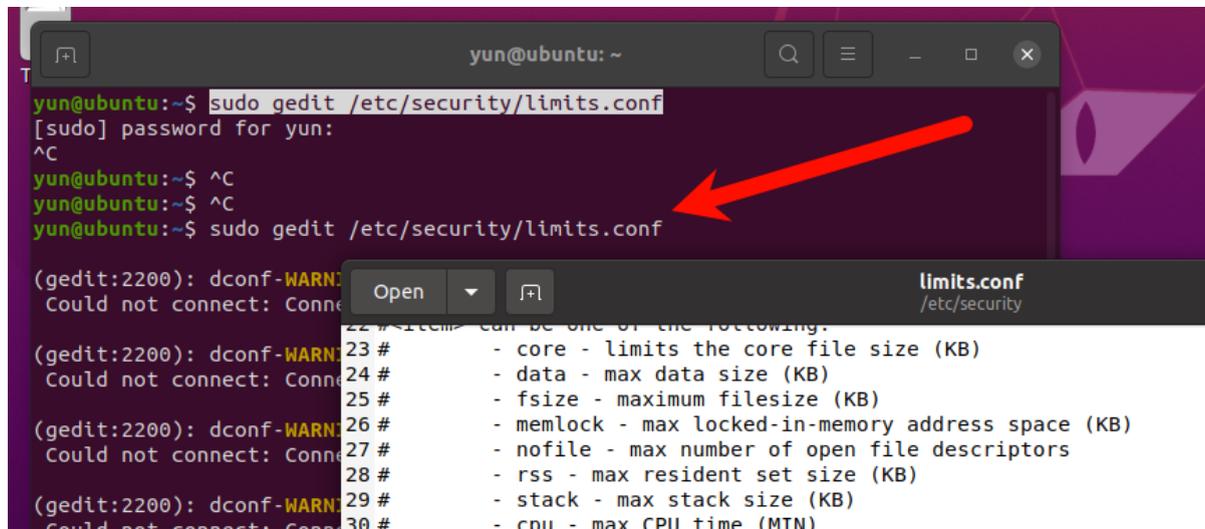
编辑文件: `/etc/security/limits.conf`

在终端中（可在菜单中找到）输入：

```
sudo gedit /etc/security/limits.conf
```

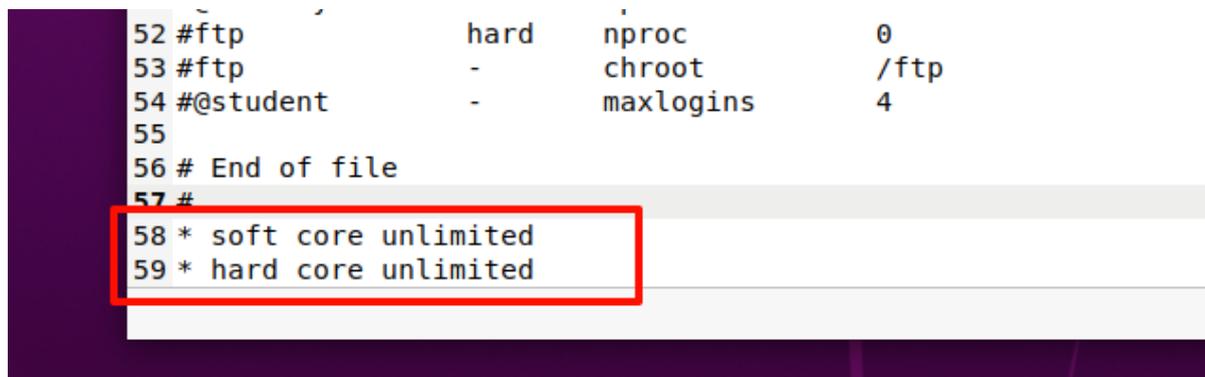
（说明，输入的过程中可以尝试 Tab 键自动补全）

（我测试用 gedit 第一次打开输入密码后，没动静，使用 `Ctrl + C` 组合键停止执行，按上下键翻滚历史记录重新执行一遍即可）



在打开的文件内容的最后面添加内容：

```
* soft core unlimited  
* hard core unlimited
```



## 第二步

编辑文件: `sudo gedit /etc/systemd/system/setdump.service`

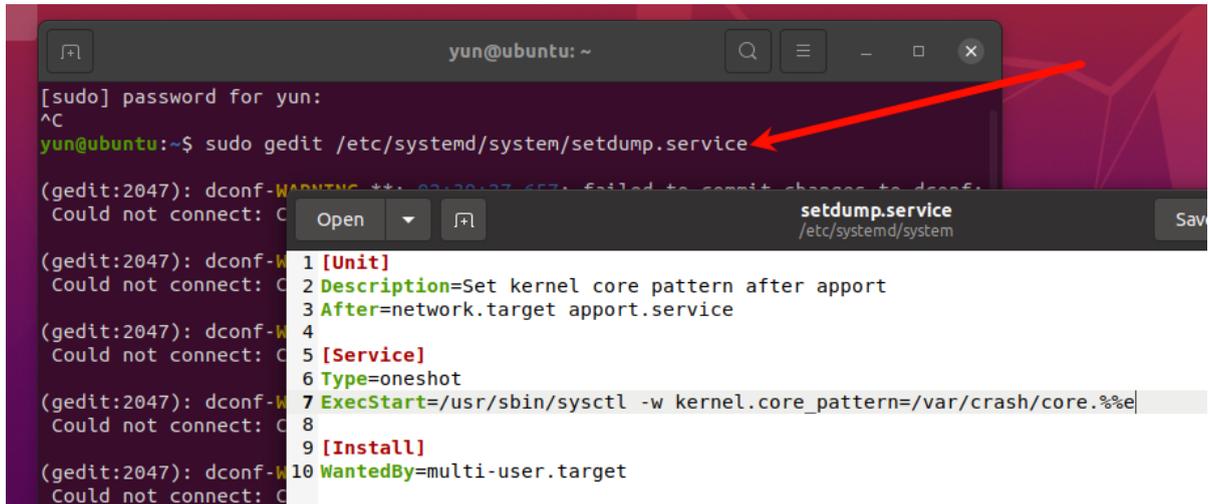
（说明，输入的过程中可以尝试 Tab 键自动补全）

输入如下内容：

```
[Unit]
Description=Set kernel core pattern after apport
After=network.target apport.service

[Service]
Type=oneshot
ExecStart=/usr/sbin/sysctl -w kernel.core_pattern=/var/crash/core.%%e

[Install]
WantedBy=multi-user.target
```



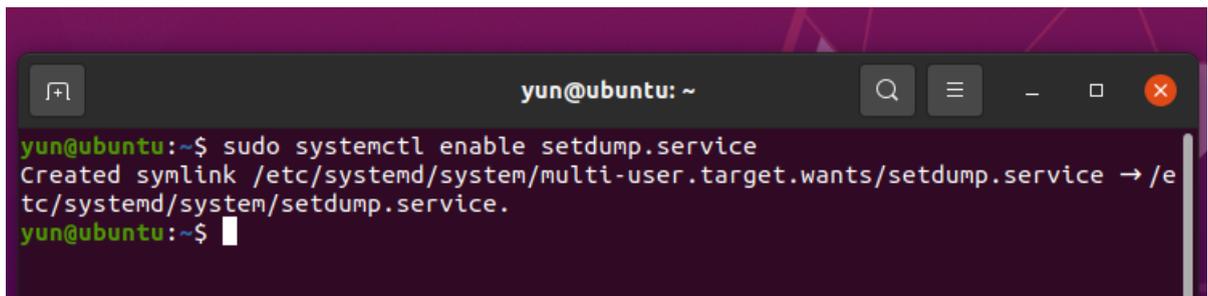
The screenshot shows a terminal window with the command `sudo gedit /etc/systemd/system/setdump.service` being executed. A red arrow points to the command. The gedit editor window is open, showing the content of the `setdump.service` file, which matches the content shown in the first code block. The terminal output shows the command being executed and the file being opened.

或者复制附件（我会发一份），如果是复制的话就使用命令（`setdump.service` 文件放到下载目录或者其他类似地方）：

```
sudo cp /home/lebo/下载 /etc/systemd/system/
```

然后执行：

```
sudo systemctl enable setdump.service
```

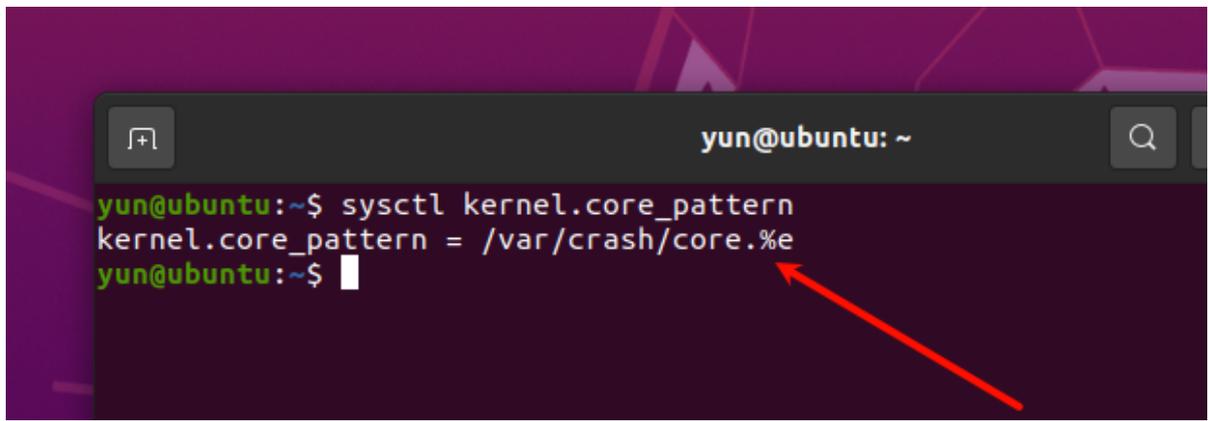


The screenshot shows a terminal window with the command `sudo systemctl enable setdump.service` being executed. The output shows that a symlink was created: `Created symlink /etc/systemd/system/multi-user.target.wants/setdump.service -> /etc/systemd/system/setdump.service.`

## 第三步

重启电脑，开机后终端执行：`sysctl kernel.core_pattern`

显示内容为我们上面设置的内容即为成功。



```
yun@ubuntu: ~  
yun@ubuntu:~$ sysctl kernel.core_pattern  
kernel.core_pattern = /var/crash/core.%e  
yun@ubuntu:~$
```

A terminal window titled "yun@ubuntu: ~" showing the execution of the command "sysctl kernel.core\_pattern". The output is "kernel.core\_pattern = /var/crash/core.%e". A red arrow points to the output text.